

Synthesis and Labeling of cDNA

1. Bring 0.5-5 µg RNA (Typically 3 µg) to 11 µl and add 2 µl (~2 mg/ml) random hexamers.
2. Heat 10 min at 65C (or 2 min at 98C), snap cool on ice.
3. Add 11µl
 - 5.0 µl 5X First-Strand buffer
 - 2.5 µl 100 mM DTT
 - 2.0 µl dNTP (5 mM A,G,C and 0.2 mM T)
 - 1.5 µl Cy3 or Cy5 (Typically use Cy5 for sample that should change)

	<u>10 rxns</u>	<u>20 rxns</u>
(51)	(102)	
(25.5)	(51)	
(20.5)	(41)	
(15.3)	(30.6)	

Then add 1.2-1.8 µl Stratascript or 0.8- 1.2 µl Superscript II RTase.

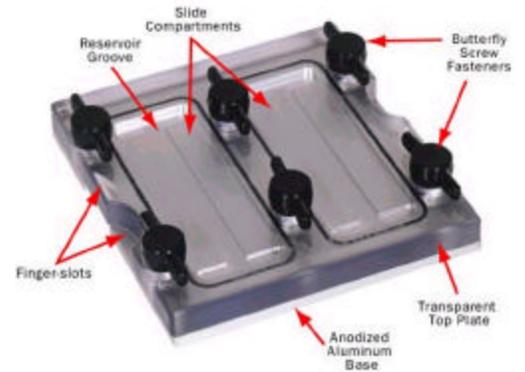
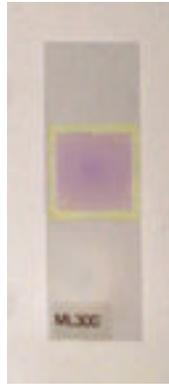
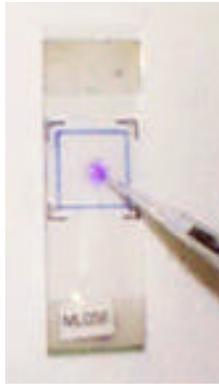
4. Incubate 10m at 25C followed by 90m at 42C in PCR machine. Can freeze or leave at 4C o/n.

Hybridization

1. Add both rxns to a microcon10 (Amicon) with 400 µl TE. Centrifuge at max speed until ~25 µl remaining (~20min). Add 100 µl more TE and spin until almost dry (~8min) (< 7 µl).
2. Recover cDNA by inverting microcon into new collection 1.5 ml tube and centrifuge at half max speed for 1 min.
3. Bring sample to 7 µl with TE and transfer to a 0.5 ml tube.
4. Add the following to sample.

0.67 µl tRNA 10 mg/ml
1.9 µl 20X SSC
1.35 µl 2% SDS

5. Heat to 98C for 2m. Quick spin in centrifuge. Let it cool at R.T for a minute before applying to the array.
6. Apply hybridization solution and seal with rubber cement.
 - a) Remember that the array is invisible after post-processing. So, make a template of your array using a clean glass slide, or by drawing on a piece of paper. Indicate the corners of the array and where the coverslip would lie as shown in the figure on the next page.
 - b) Lay the array on top of your template and apply 1 microdot of rubber cement with a needle and syringe to each corner (just inside the marked coverslip corners).
 - c) Apply 10 µl hybe solution to microarray. Place 22 mm coverslip with bent precision forceps right on top of the 4 dots of rubber cement. If there are bubbles under coverslip, try to free the bubbles by tapping on the top of coverslip with the forceps.
 - d) COMPLETELY seal edges of coverslip with a bead of rubber cement (practice this). It is not critical to move quickly at this step. The rubber cement can be allowed to dry for a few minutes before sealing the chambers to avoid sticking to the top of the chamber.
 - e) Hybe in standard hybe chambers with ~100 µl water for 6 hr to O/N in 65C water bath. (We use GeneMachine HybChambers, which fit 2 slides)



7. Take the array out of the hybe chamber and immediately submerge the slide into a flat container filled with the first washing solution, 1X SSC+0.05% SDS. Remove the coverslip with a clean razorblade by lifting it at the corner and pulling up. Transfer the array to a slide rack, submerged in 1X SSC+0.05% SDS and rinse for 1-2 min.
8. Rinse in 0.06X SSC to remove traces of SDS, which will produce autofluorescence if left on the slide. Rinse again for 2 min in fresh 0.06X SSC.
9. Centrifuge 1m at 500 rpm to dry, and scan.